Unit 15

Electromagnetism

Numerical Problems

Important formulas:

- Ratio formula of transformer $\frac{V_S}{V_n} = \frac{N_S}{N_n}$
- Equation of ideal transformer $V_p I_p = V_s I_s$

15.1 A transformer is needed to convert a main 240 V supply into a 12 V supply. If there are 2000 turns on the primary coil, then find the number of turns on the secondary coil. (ALP)

Given Data

Voltage across primary coil = $V_p = 240 V$ $Voltage\ across\ secondary\ coil = V_s = 12\ V$ No. of turns on primary $coil = N_p = 2000$

No. of turns on secondary $coil = N_s = ?$

Solution

By using ratio formula of transformer

$$\frac{V_s}{V_p} = \frac{N_s}{N_p}$$

$$N_s = \frac{V_s N_p}{V_p}$$

$$N_s = \frac{(12)(2000)}{240}$$

$$N_s = \mathbf{100 \ turns}$$

15.2 A step-up transformer has a turn ratios of 1: 100. An alternating supply of 20 V is connected across the primary coil. What is the secondary voltage? (ALP)

Given Data

Turn ratio of step up transformer = $\frac{N_p}{N_c} = 1$: 100 No. of turns on primary coil $N_p = 1$ No. of turns on secondary coil = $N_s = 100$ Voltage across primary $coil = V_p = 20 V$

To Find

Voltage across secondary coil = $V_s = ?$

SolutionBy using ratio formula of transformer

$$\frac{V_s}{V_p} = \frac{N_s}{N_p}$$

$$V_s = \frac{N_s V_p}{N_p}$$

$$V_s = \frac{(100)(20)}{1}$$

$$V_s = 2000 \text{ V}$$

15.3 A step-down transformer has a turns ratio of 100: 1. An ac voltage of amplitude 170 V is applied to the primary. If the current in the primary is 1. 0 mA, what is the current in the secondary? (ALP) **Given Data**

Turn ratio of step down transformer = $\frac{N_p}{N_s}$ = 100 : 1 *No. of turns on primary coil* = $N_n = 100$

No. of turns on secondary coil =
$$N_s = 1$$

Voltage across primary coil = $V_p = 170 \text{ V}$
Current in the primary coil = $I_p = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
 $I_p = 1.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{A}$

To Find

Current in the secondary $coil = I_s = ?$

Solution

By using ratio formula of transformer, we find V_s

$$\frac{V_s}{V_p} = \frac{N_s}{N_p}$$

$$V_s = \frac{N_s V_p}{N_p}$$

$$V_s = \frac{(1)(170)}{100}$$

$$V_s = 1.7 V$$

Now, by using equation of ideal transformer

$$V_{p}I_{p} = V_{s}I_{s}$$

$$I_{s} = \frac{V_{p}I_{p}}{V_{s}}$$

$$I_{s} = \frac{(170)(1.0 \times 10^{-3})}{1.7}$$

$$I_{s} = \mathbf{0.1} A$$

15.4 A transformer, designed to convert the voltage from 240 V a.c mains to 12 V, has 4000 turns on the primary coil. How many turns should be on the secondary coil? If the transformer 100% efficient, what current would flow through the primary coil when the current in the secondary coil was 0.4 A? (ALP)

Given Data

Voltage across primary $coil = V_p = 240 V$ *Voltage across secondary coil* = V_s = 12 V*No. of turns on primary coil* = $N_p = 4000$ Current in the secondary coil = $I_s = 0.4 A$

To Find

No. of turns on secondary $coil = N_s = ?$ Current in the primary $coil = I_p = ?$

Solution

By using ration formula of transformer

$$\frac{V_s}{V_p} = \frac{N_s}{N_p}$$

$$N_s = \frac{V_s N_p}{V_p}$$

$$N_s = \frac{(12)(4000)}{240}$$

$$N_s = 200$$

Now, by using equation of ideal transformer

$$V_p I_p = V_s I_s$$

$$I_p = \frac{V_s I_s}{V_p}$$

$$I_p = \frac{(12)(0.4)}{240}$$

$$I_p = \mathbf{0.02} A$$

15.5 A power station generates 500 MW of electrical power which is fed to a transmission line. What current would flow in the transmission line, if the input voltage is 250 kV?

Given Data

Power generated =
$$P = 500 MW$$

 $P = 500 \times 10^6 W$
Input Voltage = $V = 250 kV$
 $V = 250 \times 10^3 V$

To Find

Amount of current = I = ?

Solution

By using formula of power

$$P = IV$$

$$I = \frac{P}{V}$$

$$I = \frac{500 \times 10^6}{250 \times 10^3}$$

$$I = 2000 A$$

$$I = 2 \times 10^3 A$$

Examples

Ror Educational Use Only 15.1 If a transformer is used to supply voltage to a 12 V model train which draws a current of 0.8 A. Calculate the current in the primary if the voltage of the a.c. source is 240 V. (ALP)

Given Data

Voltage across primary oil = $V_p = 240 V$ Voltage across secondary $coil = V_s = 12 V$ Current in the secondary coil = $I_s = 0.8 A$

To Find

Current in the primary $coil = I_1$

Solution

Now, by using equation of ideal transformer

$$V_p I_p = V_s I_s$$

$$I_p = \frac{V_s I_s}{V_p}$$

$$I_s = \frac{(12)(0.8)}{240}$$

$$I_s = \mathbf{0.04} A$$

Prepared By: M. Tayyab, SSE(Math) Govt Christian High School, Daska. Mobile: 03338114798 Website: https://hiraacademy.online/ Page 2 of 2