Exercise MCQs

Sr. No.	Questions	A	В	С	D
1	Which of the following quantity is not changed during refraction of light?	its direction	its speed	√its frequency	its wavelength
2	A converging mirror with a radius of 20 cm creates a real image 30 cm from the mirror. What is the object distance?	-5.0 cm	−7.5 cm	√15 cm	-20 cm
3	An object is placed at the centre of curvature of a concave mirror. The image produced by the mirror is located	out beyond the centre of curvature.	✓ at the centre of curvature.	between the centre of curvature and the focal point	at the focal point
4	An object is 14 cm in front of a convex mirror. The image is 5.8 cm behind the mirror. What is the focal length of the mirror?	-4.1 cm	−8.2 cm	√ −9.9 cm	-20 cm
5	The index of refraction depends on	the focal length	√the speed of light	the image distance	the object distance
6	Which type of image is formed by a convax lens on a screen?	✓inverted and real	inverted and virtual	upright and real	upright and virtual
7	Which type of image is produced by the converging lens of human eye if it views a distant object?	real, erect, same size	✓ real, inverted, diminished	virtual, erect, diminished	virtual, inverted, magnified
8	Image formed by a camera is	real, inverted, and diminished	virtual, upright and diminished	virtual, upright and magnified	real, inverted and magnified
9	If a ray of light in glass is incident on an air surface at an angle greater than the critical angle, the ray will	refract only	✓reflect only	partially refract and partially reflect	diffract only
10	The critical angle for a beam of light passing from water into air is 48.8 degrees. This means that all light rays with an angle of incidence greater than this angle will be	Absorbed	✓ totally reflected	partially reflected and partially transmitted	totally transmitted

Prepared By: M. Tayyab, SSE(Math) Govt Christian High School, Daska. Website: https://hiraacademy.online/

Additional MCQs

Sr.	Ouestions	Λ	D		D
No.	Questions	A	B		D
1	Wave theory of light is formulated by	Newton	Faraday	Bell	✓Maxwell
2	Focal length of spherical mirror is equal to	$\sqrt{\frac{R}{2}}$	$\frac{R}{4}$	2R	4R
3	Refractive index of diamond is	1.00	1.33	1.31	√ 2.42
4	Refractive index of air is	√ 1.00	1.33	1.31	2.42
5	Refractive index of ice is	1.00	1.33	√ 1.31	2.42
6	Refractive index of water is	1.00	√ 1.33	1.31	2.42
7	Refractive index of ethyl alcohol is	1.00	1.33	1.31	1.36
8	Refractive index of cubic zircon is	1.00	1.33	√ 2.21	2.42
9	Refractive index of glass (flint) is	√ 1.66	1.52	1.31	2.42
10	Refractive index of glass (crown) is	1.66	√ 1.52	1.31	2.42
		Object	Image	~~	✓ Speed of
11	Refractive index depends on	distance	distance	Focal length	light
13	Critical angle of glass is	0°	45°	90°	√42°
14	Critical angle of water is	48.2°	48.4°	48.6°	✓48.8°
		10.2	1017	10.0	✓ Total
15	Optical fiber work on the principal of	Refraction	Reflection	Diffraction	internal
	Optical liber work off the principal of	Refraction	KCIGCIOII	Diffidelion	reflection
16	Endoscope which is used to diagnose bladder is called	Gastroscope	✓Cystoscope	Bronchoscope	Microscope
17	At night we can see stars in the sky without telescope	300	√3000	30000	300000
18	The magnification of a combination of lenses is equal to the of the magnifications of each lens.	Addition	Subtraction	✓ Product	None of these
19	Number of lenses used in slide projector is	1	2	√3	0
20	The power of lens is reciprocal of	Focal point	✓ Focal length	Dioptre	Principal focus
21	The change in focal length of the eye lens is called	Modification	Induction	✓ Accommod ation	Distinct vision
22	The speed of light in water is approximately	$3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$\checkmark 2.3 \times 10^{8} \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.6 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
23	The speed of light in air is approximately	$\checkmark 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.6 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
24	The speed of light in glass is approximately	$3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$\checkmark 2.0 \times 10^{8} \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$2.6 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
25	Human eye has	Concave lens	✓Convex lens	Concave mirror	Convex mirror
26	A converging mirror with a radius of 20 cm. its focal length will be	✓10 cm	-10 cm	20 cm	-20 cm
27	Which type of mirror used in head lights	Concave mirror	Convex mirror	✓ Parabolic mirror	Both (A) and (B)
28	Snell's law stated as	$\sqrt{\frac{\sin i}{\sin r}} = n = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$	$\frac{\sin i}{\sin r} = n = \frac{n_1}{n_2}$	$\frac{\sin r}{\sin i} = n = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$	$\frac{\cos i}{\cos r} = n = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$

Prepared By: M. Tayyab, SSE(Math) Govt Christian High School, Daska.

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